Energy performance certificate (EPC)

| 14, Sunnyside Crescent BELFAST | Energy rating | Valid until: | 5 June 2029 |
|--|------------------|---|--|
| BT7 3DB | Е | Certificate number: | 0049-3089-0266- 7701-3904 |
| Property type | | Semi-detac | hed house |
| Total floor area | | 90 square r | netres |
| Energy efficiency rating for this property | , | rating f | ties are given a rom A (most t) to G (least t). |
| This property's current energy rating is E. It has the potential to be C. <u>See how to improve this</u> property's energy performance. | | Properties are also given a score. The higher the number the lower your fuel bills are likely to be. | |
| | | For pro Ireland | perties in Northern : |
| Score Energy rating Current Polysian 92+ A A A A 81-91 B | i9 C | is D | erage energy rating erage energy score |

The graph shows this property's current and potential energy efficiency.

Breakdown of property's energy performance

This section shows the energy performance for features of this property. The assessment does not consider the condition of a feature and how well it is working.

Each feature is assessed as one of the following:

- very good (most efficient)
- good
- average
- poor
- very poor (least efficient)

When the description says "assumed", it means that the feature could not be inspected and an assumption has been made based on the property's age and type.

| Feature | Description | Rating |
|----------------------|---|--------------|
| Wall | Cavity wall, filled cavity | Average |
| Roof | Pitched, 100 mm loft insulation | Average |
| Roof | Pitched, insulated (assumed) | Good |
| Window | Fully double glazed | Average |
| Main heating | Boiler and radiators, oil | Average |
| Main heating control | Programmer, no room thermostat | Very poor |
| Hot water | From main system, no cylinder thermostat | Poor |
| Lighting | No low energy lighting | Very poor |
| Floor | Suspended, no insulation (assumed) | N/A |
| Floor | Solid, limited insulation (assumed) | N/A |
| Secondary heating | None | N/A |

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 254 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m2).

Environmental impact of this property

One of the biggest contributors to climate change is carbon dioxide (CO2). The energy used for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's CO2 emissions.

| An average household produces | 6 tonnes of CO2 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| This property produces | 5.8 tonnes of CO2 |
| This property's | 3.6 tonnes of CO2 |

potential production

By making the recommended changes, you could reduce this property's CO2 emissions by 2.2 tonnes per year. This will help to protect the environment.

Environmental impact ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. They may not reflect how energy is consumed by the people living at the property.

How to improve this property's energy performance

Making any of the recommended changes will improve this property's energy efficiency.

If you make all of the recommended changes, this will improve the property's energy rating and score from E (50) to C (69).

| Recommendation | Typical installation cost | Typical yearly saving |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Increase loft insulation to 270 mm | £100 - £350 | £25 |
| 2. Party wall insulation | £300 - £600 | £31 |
| 3. Increase hot water cylinder insulation | £15 - £30 | £20 |
| 4. Low energy lighting | £55 | £55 |
| 5. Hot water cylinder thermostat | £200 - £400 | £20 |
| 6. Heating controls (room thermostat and TRVs) | £350 - £450 | £113 |
| 7. Floor insulation (suspended floor) | £800 - £1,200 | £20 |

| Recommendation | Typical installation cost | Typical yearly saving |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 8. Heat recovery system for mixer showers | £585 - £725 | £19 |
| 9. Replacement glazing units | £1,000 - £1,400 | £39 |
| 10. Solar water heating | £4,000 - £6,000 | £45 |
| 11. Solar photovoltaic panels | £3,500 - £5,500 | £294 |

Paying for energy improvements

Find energy grants and ways to save energy in your home. (https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency)

Estimated energy use and potential savings

| Estimated yearly energy cost for this property | £895 |
|---|------|
| Potential saving | £341 |

The estimated cost shows how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. It is not based on how energy is used by the people living at the property. The estimated saving is based on making all of the recommendations in <u>how</u> to improve this property's energy performance.

Heating use in this property

Heating a property usually makes up the majority of energy costs.

Potential energy savings by installing insulation

The assessor did not find any opportunities to save energy by installing insulation in this property.

Contacting the assessor and accreditation scheme

This EPC was created by a qualified energy assessor.

If you are unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor directly.

If you are still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation schemes are appointed by the government to ensure that assessors are qualified to carry out EPC assessments.

Assessor contact details

| Assessor's name | Ciaran Stuart |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Telephone | 07764612066 |
| Email | info@spsni.com |

Accreditation scheme contact details

| Accreditation scheme | Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Assessor ID | EES/007978 |
| Telephone | 01455 883 250 |
| Email | enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.u |

Assessment details

| Assessor's declaration | No related party |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Date of assessment | 4 June 2019 |
| Date of certificate | 6 June 2019 |
| Type of assessment | RdSAP DICAD |

RdSAP (Reduced data Standard Assessment Procedure) is a method used to assess and compare the energy and environmental performance of properties in the UK. It uses a site visit and survey of the

property to